

Hair Splits

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for thirty years. It is elegant for a hair dressing and for keeping the hair from splitting at the ends."

Hair-splitting splits friendships. If the hair-splitting is done on your own head, it loses friends for you, for every hair of your head is a friend.

Ayer's Hair Vigor in advance will prevent the splitting. If the splitting has begun, it will stop it.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

This preparation contains all of the elements and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed.

PROFESSIONAL

R. A. C. LIVERMON, Dentist.
Office—Over New Whithead Building
Office hours from 9 to 1 o'clock; 2 to 4 o'clock, p. m.
SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

R. J. P. WIMBERLEY,
OFFICE HOTEL LAWRENCE,
SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

R. H. I. CLARK,
Office formerly occupied by
Claude Kitchen.
Main Street, Scotland Neck, N. C.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.
Practices wherever his services are required.

**R. H. SMITH, STUART H. SMITH,
SMITH & SMITH,**
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Staten Bldg., over Tyler & Outerbridge,
Scotland Neck, N. C.

EDWARD L. TRAVIS,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
HALIFAX, N. C.
Money loaned on Farms, Lands.

**CLAUDE KITCHEN, A. P. KITCHEN,
KITCHEN & KITCHEN,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.**
Practice wherever services are required.
Office: Futrell Building,
Scotland Neck, N. C.

Compare our Work with that of our Competitors.

ESTABLISHED IN 1855
CHAS. M. WALSH
Steam Marble and Granite
WORKS,
Sycamore St., PETERSBURG, VA.

Monuments, Tombs, Cemetery Curb-
ing, &c. All work strictly first-
class and at Lowest Prices.

I ALSO FURNISH IRON
FENCING, VASES, & C.
Designs sent you any address free. In
writing for them please give age of de-
ceased and limit as to price.
I Prepay Freight on all Work

DoWitt's Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores,
&c.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

E. E. HILLIARD, Editor and Proprietor.

"EXCELSIOR" IS OUR MOTTO.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE \$1.00.

VOL. XVIII. New Series--Vol. 5.

SCOTLAND NECK, N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 31 1902.

NO. 81

THE EDITOR'S LEISURE HOURS.

Points and Paragraphs of Things Past, Present and Future.

It is reported that a skeleton has been unearthed recently in Texas with an eight-inch jaw. Whereupon the Richmond Dispatch observes that "the man must have been a politician."

It is pretty generally agreed that one of the happiest turns taken by the Democratic State Convention at Greensboro, was the position taken against primaries for selecting United States Senators. The bitter fight engaged in throughout North Carolina in the Carr-Simmons contest taught the people a lesson which they will be slow to forget.

The Rich Square Times makes the following reference to Hon. M. W. Ransom, of Northampton county:

"In conversation with well known minister recently he expressed the opinion that our distinguished county man, Gen. Matt. W. Ransom, is the ablest statesman that has lived in the South during the past fifty years or more. He said that Vance accomplished more for his own State, was more intensely North Carolinian, and had greater energy, but that Ransom exceeded Vance or any other man the South has produced in recent years in broad statesmanship."

America truly is a great country and the chances for preferment are considered equal for all here. A thousand and one times it has been pointed out that the American boy has all the chances he ought to wish; but with all the good chances for success before him there is coupled a hard-lined condition which is aptly expressed in the following paragraph by the Durham Sun:

"There is an honorable career before every American boy who will use rightly the means nature has placed within reach of him. But he must burnish his armor with honor and keep his weapons bright with constant use."

The Washington Post, reviewing some political interests in North Carolina, says:

"Another interesting bit of gossip from North Carolina is the fact that Senator Pritchard has challenged Lucie Craig, of Asheville, to a joint debate over the state and the challenge has been accepted. Mr. Craig is one of the aspirants for the Senatorship to succeed Mr. Pritchard, and the latter asserting that he is the machine candidate, has selected him as the opponent best worthy of meeting upon the hustings. As a matter of fact, Mr. Craig, who is a well known lawyer, was foremost in the attempted impeachment of the Republican judges on the State Supreme Court, and Mr. Pritchard is likely to make this fact the leading feature of the debate. All subjects national and local, are to be discussed. The silver issue is likely to be brought to the front, but Mr. Craig, it is understood, will claim that the silver question is not now paramount, and, while not deserting the issue, will say that it is not worth while discussing at this time.

"The details of the debate have not yet been arranged. Mr. Craig wants to begin in the western part of the State and journey eastward, while Mr. Pritchard proposes to begin in the east and travel west. When this difference has been settled, the times and places of the debate will be announced."

ACTS IMMEDIATELY
Colds are sometimes more trouble some in summer than in winter. It's so hard to keep from adding to them while cooling off after exercise. One Minute Cough Cure cures at once. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Sure cure for coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles.

HORTICULTURE

AS TO SWEET POTATOES.

Method of Cultivating by Which They Can Be Raised as Cheaply as Irish Tubers.

I made a ridge from 6 to 18 inches high, waited then till it rained, after which I waded to my ankles in mud and punched holes with a sharp stick along the top of the ridge, about six inches apart, then stuck the plants down and pressed the mud about them. I did it because I saw others do it; thousands are doing it yet. Don't make a ridge unless you want strings instead of short, thick potatoes. It is time and labor worse than thrown away.

When the ground is well pulverized

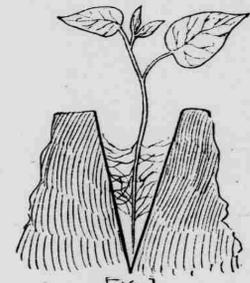


FIG. 1 WRONGLY SET PLANT.

and level, I take the double plows and mark off the ground into rows, leaving between two or three inches high, in which I plant. This keeps the dirt from covering the plants in cultivation, and a higher ridge than this is unnecessary. Don't plant in the mud. Don't water when planting. It does more harm than good and is a waste of time and labor. Before planting wet the roots thoroughly and sprinkle rich dirt on them till it adheres to every little rootlet. Plant them then before they dry, and every plant will live. Don't plant too soon. Wait till you see the blackberry bloom. Never plant closer than 18 inches if you want fine potatoes. Don't punch holes. Look at Figs. 1 and 2 and see the right and wrong way. Don't leave half the plant

above ground to wither and die; one bud out is enough. Don't put in little, short plants, but have them eight to ten inches long, with plenty of roots. Don't set them perpendicular, but as in Fig. 2. Don't leave the dirt loose over them, but slap your foot down over the roots and firm them.

Don't dig holes, but take the plant in your left hand, thrust the right into the loose soil, and lift the dirt you see above the plant of Fig. 2. Just as you raise it, thrust the plant under the back of your hand. Then let the dirt fall into the plant and set your foot on it as you step to the next plant. An expert will take a bunch of 50 plants in his right hand and a foot adz in his left, and lifting the dirt with the adz, will plant as fast as he walks. My boys can plant by hand 150 feet of row in five minutes. Don't plant the roots toward the south, else the sun will hit the young plants hard. Aside from raising the slips, I can raise a bushel of sweet potatoes as cheaply as I can Irish potatoes.—W. L. Anderson, in Farm and Home.

THE POTATO FIELD.

How to Cut the Tubers for Seed Explained by an Expert New York Grower.

Where late planting is practiced it is usual for potato vines to be killed by the frost in the fall. This usually happens before the tubers have matured. If the foliage is destroyed before it has performed its office, the tubers produced are not of the best quality. This is true whether the vines are destroyed by the bugs, blight or frost.

We have received many inquiries recently as to the size of the seed pieces

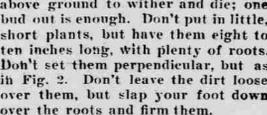


FIG. 2 PLANT PROPERLY SET.

which should be planted. We can best answer these questions by some outline drawings showing how we would cut potatoes. In the first case the potato is cut in two pieces; in the second and third, in three and four, respectively. But cutting potatoes as indicated we use about ten bushels of seed per acre. Much of the success of the crop depends on starting right. With a good strong growth at the start the battle is half won. The other half of the battle may be won by proper spraying and tillage, says L. A. Clinton, in Country Gentleman.

How to Grow Horseradish.

Horseradish thrives to perfection in rich ground on the north side of a fence. It does not need the full force of the sun, and one short row set out in this manner will furnish sufficient for home use. When digging, never dig up the whole plant, and thus destroy it; rather, dig up one or more of the branch roots. The rest will continue to grow and multiply roots. If a large patch is wanted, the long roots may be cut in pieces. Each piece, when set in the fall or spring, will form a large bunch of roots in a few years if properly cared for. I set some out as above described a few years ago, and the growth of root and leaf is very rank. Let each family have a row of horseradish.—Albert D. Warner, in N. Y. Tribune.

What the New South Needs.

Make all the hay and forage you can. Don't be afraid of getting too much, but while you are doing this, be sure and have some good steers and milch cattle to consume it. Be a manufacturer and manufacture raw products of your farm into the concentrated form of beef and pork, poultry, butter and eggs. This leaves all the manure on the farm to be used for soil enrichment to grow larger crops to be again manufactured. That's the secret of profitable farming, and that's the kind of farming the south needs to-day. It has a great sufficiency of the other kind.—Southern Ruralist.

A Point in Transplanting.

In transplanting such plants as the strawberry the fibrous roots should be spread out as much as possible, while the root of the taprooted plant, like cabbage, beet, etc., should be placed straight up and down and not bent upon itself.

Give the animals plenty of room in the stable in which to lie down, if you would make them comfortable.

FOREST RESERVATIONS.

Their Establishment by Congress Should Be Advocated by Every Patriotic American.

Ray Stannard Baker, writing in the Century on irrigation, speaks thus of the progress in western sentiment in the matter of forest-preservation, and of the need of making more reserves:

Another scheme of the westerner for conserving the water-supply has borne rich fruit in the last few years. It is a well-known fact that there is no better conservator of water than a forest with thick under-growing vegetation. The ground is protected, and the vegetation holds back and regulates the water which falls in rain. Nearly all of the high plateaus and mountain ranges of the west, where the rainfall and snowfall are greatest, and where all the great rivers have their source, are covered more or less densely with vegetation, often with magnificent forests, hundreds, even thousands, of years old. If it were not for these forests, all the water that fell would run swiftly into the valleys, the streams would rise to floods, and in a few days' time the channels would be dry again. This is actually what now happens in many valleys of the west—great torrents for two or three weeks in the year, absolute drought all the remainder of the time. It is, therefore, of vital importance that these forests be preserved. The westerner, led by wise scientists, has taken up the matter, and by good fortune the government at Washington has been aroused to the necessities of the case, and forest reserves and national parks have been created, which will not only go down to future generations as the most notable places of natural beauty on the continent, but they will preserve life and bring happiness to the valleys below. But the work is yet only half done. More forests must be reserved, and more care be given to protecting them from lawless miners and lumbermen. By the judicious cutting of the older trees and the removal of windfalls and waste, which might give food for fires, they can be made a source of lumber for a thousand years to come, and that without injuring their usefulness as water-conservers. But if private greed is allowed to dictate, these splendid forest areas will be left the most desolate of deserts, like those of northern Wisconsin and Michigan—deserts which are far worse than the cactus plains of New Mexico and Arizona.

When Carnegie was an employe of the Pennsylvania railroad in Pittsburgh long years ago one of his friends was a contractor named John Powers. The millionaire learned recently of Powers' whereabouts and circumstances and has given him a pension of \$50 a month. The two old friends had had no communication for a long time.

PERSONAL POINTERS.

William C. Whitney, of New York, has given a handsome house and lot to the physician who attended Mrs. Whitney in her long illness.

Capt. I. M. Smith, the first man who stretched wires across the state of Wisconsin, is still living in Topeka, Kan. He has made weather observations from a scientific standpoint for the last 50 years.

Gov. Smith, of Maryland, has appointed a commission of three to purchase a bust of Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley to be placed in the new state capitol at Annapolis, in accordance with an act passed by the state legislature at its last session.

John E. Milholland is trying to get the federal government to purchase for \$30,000 the ruins of old Fort Ticonderoga and restore it to the exact status it bore when Ethan Allen demanded its surrender. He formerly was editor, and proprietor of a Ticonderoga newspaper.

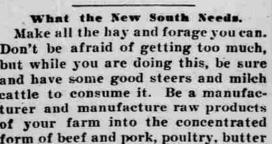
When Carnegie was an employe of the Pennsylvania railroad in Pittsburgh long years ago one of his friends was a contractor named John Powers. The millionaire learned recently of Powers' whereabouts and circumstances and has given him a pension of \$50 a month. The two old friends had had no communication for a long time.

In the course of some litigation in New Jersey the fact was made public that Bertram Cutler is the largest individual stockholder of record in the United States Steel corporation. For a day or two Wall street wondered who this was that owned 123,975 shares of United States steel preferred and 25,365 shares steel common. He was finally located as a stenographer and typewriter for John D. Rockefeller and his salary is \$18 a week. The stock standing in his name is said to be worth about \$200,000.

Many a citizen from the interior has fallen a victim to the indigestible soft-shelled crab on going to live in Washington. Pension Commissioner Ware early contracted the soft-shelled crab habit and indulged his appetite for the dainty until a physician ordered him to desist. A friend in Kansas heard that the commissioner was worn-out by close attention to his duties and wrote him a solicitous letter. He received the following reply by wire: "It's not work that's breaking down my constitution—it's soft-shelled crabs."

KIDNEY TROUBLE CURED.

General Health Greatly Improved by Pe-ru-na.



MRS. FRANCES MATOON.

Mrs. Frances Matoon, Treasurer of the Minneapolis Independent Order of Good Templars writes from 12 Sixth Street, Minneapolis, Minn., as follows: "Last winter I had considerable trouble with my kidneys brought on after a hard cold which I had neglected. One of my lodge friends who called when I was ill told me of a wonderful medicine called Peruna. I had no faith in it, but my husband purchased me a bottle, and asked me to try it. It brought me most satisfactory results. I used three bottles before I was completely cured, but I have had good cause to be grateful, for not only did my kidney trouble disappear, but my general health improved and I have been in good health ever since. I would not be without it for ten times its cost."—FRANCES MATOON.

PERSONAL POINTERS.

William C. Whitney, of New York, has given a handsome house and lot to the physician who attended Mrs. Whitney in her long illness.

Capt. I. M. Smith, the first man who stretched wires across the state of Wisconsin, is still living in Topeka, Kan. He has made weather observations from a scientific standpoint for the last 50 years.

Gov. Smith, of Maryland, has appointed a commission of three to purchase a bust of Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley to be placed in the new state capitol at Annapolis, in accordance with an act passed by the state legislature at its last session.

John E. Milholland is trying to get the federal government to purchase for \$30,000 the ruins of old Fort Ticonderoga and restore it to the exact status it bore when Ethan Allen demanded its surrender. He formerly was editor, and proprietor of a Ticonderoga newspaper.

When Carnegie was an employe of the Pennsylvania railroad in Pittsburgh long years ago one of his friends was a contractor named John Powers. The millionaire learned recently of Powers' whereabouts and circumstances and has given him a pension of \$50 a month. The two old friends had had no communication for a long time.

In the course of some litigation in New Jersey the fact was made public that Bertram Cutler is the largest individual stockholder of record in the United States Steel corporation. For a day or two Wall street wondered who this was that owned 123,975 shares of United States steel preferred and 25,365 shares steel common. He was finally located as a stenographer and typewriter for John D. Rockefeller and his salary is \$18 a week. The stock standing in his name is said to be worth about \$200,000.

Many a citizen from the interior has fallen a victim to the indigestible soft-shelled crab on going to live in Washington. Pension Commissioner Ware early contracted the soft-shelled crab habit and indulged his appetite for the dainty until a physician ordered him to desist. A friend in Kansas heard that the commissioner was worn-out by close attention to his duties and wrote him a solicitous letter. He received the following reply by wire: "It's not work that's breaking down my constitution—it's soft-shelled crabs."

THE POTATO FIELD.

How to Cut the Tubers for Seed Explained by an Expert New York Grower.

Where late planting is practiced it is usual for potato vines to be killed by the frost in the fall. This usually happens before the tubers have matured. If the foliage is destroyed before it has performed its office, the tubers produced are not of the best quality. This is true whether the vines are destroyed by the bugs, blight or frost.

We have received many inquiries recently as to the size of the seed pieces

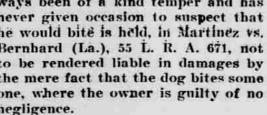


FIG. 2 PLANT PROPERLY SET.

above ground to wither and die; one bud out is enough. Don't put in little, short plants, but have them eight to ten inches long, with plenty of roots. Don't set them perpendicular, but as in Fig. 2. Don't leave the dirt loose over them, but slap your foot down over the roots and firm them.

Don't dig holes, but take the plant in your left hand, thrust the right into the loose soil, and lift the dirt you see above the plant of Fig. 2. Just as you raise it, thrust the plant under the back of your hand. Then let the dirt fall into the plant and set your foot on it as you step to the next plant. An expert will take a bunch of 50 plants in his right hand and a foot adz in his left, and lifting the dirt with the adz, will plant as fast as he walks. My boys can plant by hand 150 feet of row in five minutes. Don't plant the roots toward the south, else the sun will hit the young plants hard. Aside from raising the slips, I can raise a bushel of sweet potatoes as cheaply as I can Irish potatoes.—W. L. Anderson, in Farm and Home.

THE POTATO FIELD.

How to Cut the Tubers for Seed Explained by an Expert New York Grower.

Where late planting is practiced it is usual for potato vines to be killed by the frost in the fall. This usually happens before the tubers have matured. If the foliage is destroyed before it has performed its office, the tubers produced are not of the best quality. This is true whether the vines are destroyed by the bugs, blight or frost.

We have received many inquiries recently as to the size of the seed pieces



FIG. 2 PLANT PROPERLY SET.

which should be planted. We can best answer these questions by some outline drawings showing how we would cut potatoes. In the first case the potato is cut in two pieces; in the second and third, in three and four, respectively. But cutting potatoes as indicated we use about ten bushels of seed per acre. Much of the success of the crop depends on starting right. With a good strong growth at the start the battle is half won. The other half of the battle may be won by proper spraying and tillage, says L. A. Clinton, in Country Gentleman.

KIDNEY TROUBLE CURED.

General Health Greatly Improved by Pe-ru-na.



MRS. FRANCES MATOON.

Mrs. Frances Matoon, Treasurer of the Minneapolis Independent Order of Good Templars writes from 12 Sixth Street, Minneapolis, Minn., as follows: "Last winter I had considerable trouble with my kidneys brought on after a hard cold which I had neglected. One of my lodge friends who called when I was ill told me of a wonderful medicine called Peruna. I had no faith in it, but my husband purchased me a bottle, and asked me to try it. It brought me most satisfactory results. I used three bottles before I was completely cured, but I have had good cause to be grateful, for not only did my kidney trouble disappear, but my general health improved and I have been in good health ever since. I would not be without it for ten times its cost."—FRANCES MATOON.

This experience has been repeated many times. We hear of such cases nearly every day.

Mrs. Matoon had catarrh of the kidneys. As soon as she took the right remedy she made a quick recovery.

Peruna cures catarrh wherever it occurs. Peruna is a specific for the catarrhal derangements of women. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio, for free book on catarrh written by Dr. G. B. Hartman.

FOODS THAT TAIN THE MILK.

The presence of wild garlic or wild onions in pastures, the use of turnips and other feeds containing oil, must be avoided where cows are giving a large amount of milk. Feeds which have a bad odor, such as silage, must be fed right after milking, and at no other time; otherwise the milk and resulting butter are apt to show the effects. In all cases keep these feeds away from the cow during milking time. Taints from silage or other foul feeds are transmitted through the air; consequently if the air is full of silage odor the milk is apt to show it. If, however, feeds of this kind are given directly after milking the product from the cow cannot be distinguished from that produced from other feeds, although condensing factories and some creameries prohibit its use.—New England Homestead.

THE VALUE OF THE SILO.

The Farmers' Review has for many years been urging its readers to pay more attention to the silo. The men that have made money this year in feeding stock have been those that have had an abundance of cheap nutritious feed brought over from last summer. The men with silos have been particularly happy. We have personally talked with stockmen and urged them to build silos, but they do not seem to take kindly to the idea. After 20 years of agitation, there are yet comparatively few stockmen that have taken advantage of this process of saving food. Yet the silo has long since demonstrated its value to the farmer.

It has taken many years and many generations of cows to produce the special dairy cow. One cross on another breed may undo all the work and care of years. Don't work backward.

BALANES FROM THE NORTHERN WOOD ARE IN PERFECTION.

For the certain cure for Coughs.

"Where shall I educate my daughter?"

Send her to . . .

VINE HILL FEMALE ACADEMY

It has just closed its most prosperous session. It affords a practical education, or prepares well for college classes. Its MUSIC and ART Departments are excellent.

Write for catalogue.

L. W. BAGLEY, Prin.

June 17, 1902. Scotland Neck, N. C.

6-19-3m

Debnam Military School, LaGrange, N. Carolina.

An English, Classical, Scientific and Commercial School.

Seventy-one boarding pupils from seventeen countries and two states enrolled the past term. Would you like to attend a school or have your son in one where efficiency instead of numbers is sought? A school in which the moral, physical and intellectual natures are properly developed; a school that has established for itself a reputation for thoroughness; a military school that is not a machine and in which the home life is reproduced, where truthful, manly, honest boys and young men are wanted? Then investigate our school.

We give a four years' course, giving a full and thorough preparation for the scientific school, college or life. Athletics receive special attention and encouragement. Full session begins Sept. 3rd. Charges most reasonable. Write for illustrated catalogue. J. R. DEBNAM, Supr.

IF YOU ARE A HUSTLER FOR WILL—ADVERTISE—YOUR Business.

SEND YOUR ADVERTISEMENT IN THE

NORFOLK & CAROLINA R. R. CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

Dated Jan. 12th, 1895.

| No. of Trains | No. of Stations | No. of Trains | No. of Stations |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| P. M. | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. |
| 2:20 | 9:03 | Lv. Norfolk Ar. | 6:55 10:05 |
| 2:40 | 9:23 | Lv. Plymouth Point | 5:30 9:50 |
| 3:03 | 9:46 | Lv. Drivers | 5:05 9:26 |
| 3:17 | 10:00 | Lv. Suffolk | 4:50 9:12 |
| 3:50 | 10:31 | Lv. Gates | 4:20 8:30 |
| 4:15 | 10:53 | Lv. Tunis | 4:00 8:21 |
| 4:36 | 11:06 | Lv. Ahaskey | 3:41 8:04 |
| 4:53 | 11:21 | Lv. Anlander | 3:27 7:49 |
| 5:35 | 12:21 | Lv. Tarboro | Le 2:31 6:45 |

At Lv. P. M. P. M. 6:35 | 12:50 Rocky Mount | 1:55 | 6:17 P. M. P. M.

Daily. Daily except Sunday. Trains No. 49 and 48 solid trains between Finner's Point and Wilmington. Train No. 49 connects at Rocky Mt. with train 23 for all points South and No. 78 train for all points North. J. M. SERPELL, J. R. KENLY Gen'l Man. Sup't. T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Pas. Agent

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. AND BRANCHES. AND ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA. CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

| DATED | May 25, 1902. |
|-------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Leave | Weldon | Ar. Rocky Mt. | Leave | Tarboro | Ar. Rocky Mt. | Leave |
| 1:00 | 1:00 | 10:32 | 12:22 | 12:22 | 7:22 | 12:02 |
| 1:50 | 1:50 | 11:20 | 1:05 | 1:05 | 8:10 | 12:50 |
| 2:55 | 2:55 | 12:20 | 2:05 | 2:05 | 9:15 | 1:40 |
| 3:45 | 3:45 | 1:10 | 3:05 | 3:05 | 10:10 | 2:30 |
| 4:45 | 4:45 | 2:10 | 4:05 | 4:05 | 11:10 | 3:20 |
| 5:45 | 5:45 | 3:10 | 5:05 | 5:05 | 12:10 | 4:10 |
| 6:45 | 6:45 | 4:10 | 6:05 | 6:05 | 1:10 | 5:00 |
| 7:45 | 7:45 | 5:10 | 7:05 | 7:05 | 2:10 | 5:50 |
| 8:45 | 8:45 | 6:10 | 8:05 | 8:05 | 3:10 | |